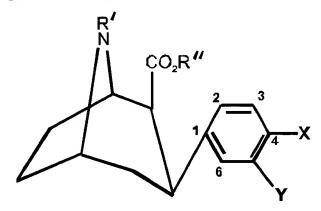
## Listing of the claims:

1. (original) A compound of the formula:



(l)

wherein X is -CH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>Q, -CHCHR or -CCH<sub>2</sub>FCH<sub>2</sub> and Q is F or CH<sub>2</sub>F, R is I, Br, Cl, F or CH<sub>2</sub>F; Y is selected from a group consisting of H, F, Cl, Br and (I. R' is -CH<sub>3</sub>, -CH<sub>2</sub>F, CH<sub>2</sub>(CH<sub>2</sub>)nF,

$$-(CH_2)_n N N$$

$$M = Tc$$
, Re

$$-CH2(CH2)nO - C - M(CO)3$$

$$M = Re, Tc$$

R" is -CH3, CH2(CH2)nF,

$$-CH2(CH2)n-O M(CO)3$$

$$M = Fe, Tc, Re$$

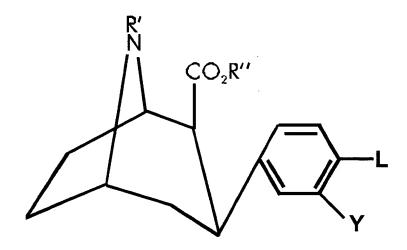
Where n is 1-5.

- (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein at least one halogen is selected from the group consisting of <sup>18</sup>F, <sup>123</sup>I, <sup>125</sup>I, <sup>131</sup>I, <sup>75</sup>Br, <sup>76</sup>Br, <sup>77</sup>Br, and <sup>82</sup>Br.
- 3. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is  $CH_2CH_2F$  or  $CH_2CH_2^{18}F$ .
- 4. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is  $CH_2CH_2CH_2F$  or  $CH_2CH_2CH_2^{18}F$ .
- 5. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is CCH<sub>2</sub>FCH<sub>2</sub> or CCH<sub>2</sub><sup>18</sup>FCH<sub>2</sub>.
- 6. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is CHCHI.
- 7. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is selected from the group consisting of CHCH<sup>123</sup>I, CHCH<sup>125</sup>I and CHCH<sup>131</sup>I.

- 8. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is CHCHCH<sub>2</sub>F or CHCHCH<sub>2</sub><sup>18</sup>F.
- 9. (original) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub>F or CCH<sub>2</sub>CH<sub>2</sub><sup>18</sup>F
- 10. (original) The compound of claim 3 wherein Y is Br.
- 11. (original) The compound of claim 3 wherein Y is Cl
- 12. (original) The compound of claim 6 wherein Y is H.
- 13. (original) The compound of claim 7 wherein Y is H.
- 14. (original) The compound of claim 8 wherein Y is H
- 15. (original) The compound of claim 9 wherein Y is H.
- 16. (original) The compound of claim 10 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 17. (original) The compound of claim 11 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 18. (original) The compound of claim 12 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 19. (original) The compound of claim 13 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 20. (original) The compound of claim 14 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 21. (original) The compound of claim 15 wherein R' and R" are CH3.
- 22. (currently amended) The compound of claim 18 wherein said compound is a Z isomic isomeric form.

- 23. (currently amended) The compound of claim 19 wherein said compound is a Z isomic isomeric form.
- 24. (currently amended) The compound of claim 20 wherein said compound is a Z isomic isomeric form.
- 25. (original) A kit for rapid synthesis of a radioactively labeled compound of claim 1, comprising (a) a compound having the structure:

a Cont



wherein L is a leaving group which is displaced by a radioactive group, (b) a reagent capable of displacing said L with a substituent containing a radioactive group.

26. (original) The kit of claim 25 wherein said radioactive group is selected from the group consisting of <sup>18</sup>F, <sup>123</sup>I, <sup>125</sup>I, <sup>131</sup>I, <sup>75</sup>Br, <sup>76</sup>Br, <sup>77</sup>Br, and <sup>82</sup>Br.

27. (original) A kit for rapid synthesis of a radioactively labeled compound of claim 1, comprising (a) a compound having the structure:

$$R_{N}^{\prime}$$
 $CO_{2}L$ 
 $Y$ 

wherein L is a leaving group which is displaced by a radioactive group, (b) a reagent capable of displacing said L with a substituent containing a radioactive group.

(original) The kit of claim 27 wherein said radioactive group is selected from the group consisting of <sup>18</sup>F, <sup>123</sup>I, <sup>125</sup>I, <sup>131</sup>I, <sup>75</sup>Br, <sup>76</sup>Br, <sup>77</sup>Br, and <sup>82</sup>Br.

- 29. (original) A method of conducting positron emission tomography or single photon emission tomography imaging of a subject comprising administering to said subject an image-generating amount of a compound according to claim 1 which contains at least one radioactive halogen, and measuring the distribution within the subject of said compound by positron emission tomography or single photon emission tomography.
- 30. (original) The method of claim 29 wherein the halogen is selected from the group consisting of <sup>76</sup>Br, <sup>75</sup>Br, and <sup>18</sup>F, and the distribution of the compound measured by positron emission tomography.
- 31. (original) A method for conducting single photon emission imaging of a subject comprising administering to said subject an image-generating amount of a compound

according to claim 1 which contains at least one radioactive halogen, and measuring the distribution within the subject of said compound by single photon emission tomography.

- 32. (original) A method according to claim 31 wherein the compound of claim 1 contains at least one of the following: <sup>75</sup>Br, <sup>77</sup>Br, <sup>123</sup>I or <sup>131</sup>I, and measuring the distribution within the subject of said compound by single photon emission tomography.
- 33. (New) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is CHCHBr.
- 34. (New) The compound of claim 1 wherein X is selected from the group consisting CHCH<sup>75</sup>Br, CHCH<sup>76</sup>Br, CHCH<sup>77</sup>Br, and CHCH<sup>82</sup>Br.
- 35. (New) The compound of claim 33 wherein Y is H.
- 36. (New) The compound of claim 34 wherein Y is H.
- 37. (New) The compound of claim 35 wherein R' and R" are CH<sub>3</sub>.
- 38. (New) The compound of claim 36 wherein R' and R" are CH<sub>3</sub>.
- 39. (New) The compound of claim 35 wherein R' is  $CH_2(CH_2)_4F$  and R" is  $CH_3$ .
- 40. (New) The compound of claim 36 wherein R' is  $CH_2(CH_2)_aF$  and R" is  $CH_3$ .
- 41. (New) The compound of claim 39 wherein said compound is a Z isomeric form.
- 42. (New) The compound of claim 40 wherein said compound is a Z isomeric form.